VISITING POLICE FORCES ACT

CHAPTER 15:07

Act
9 of 2007
Note on Subsidiary Legislation

This Chapter contains no subsidiary legislation.
CHAPTER 15:07

VISITING POLICE FORCES ACT

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

SECTION

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7. Jurisdiction of Courts in designated States.
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SCHEDULE.
CHAPTER 15:07

VISITING POLICE FORCES ACT

An Act to provide for the presence, activities, privileges and immunities of members of visiting police forces and civilian personnel and for related matters.

[23RD MARCH 2007]

1. This Act may be cited as the Visiting Police Forces Act.

2. In this Act—

“civilian personnel” means civilian personnel designated under section 4 as a civilian component of a visiting police force;

“dependant”, with reference to a member of a visiting force or to a member of the armed forces of a designated State, means the wife or husband of such member, or any other person wholly or mainly maintained by him, or in his custody, charge or care;

“designated State” means a State designated under section 4;

“Police Service” means the Trinidad and Tobago Police Service established under section 4 of the Police Service Act;

“Member State” means a Member State of the Caribbean Community;

“Minister” means the Minister to whom responsibility for national security has been assigned;

“Treaty on Security Assistance” means the Treaty on Security Assistance Among CARICOM Member States concluded at Basseterre, St. Kitts and Nevis on 6th July, 2006 including any amendments or protocols thereto;

“visiting police force” means the members of any police force of a designated State present in Trinidad and Tobago on official duties.

3. This Act applies to visiting police forces and civilian personnel—

(a) of designated States; or
(b) who are present in Trinidad and Tobago pursuant to the provisions of the Treaty on Security Assistance.

4. (1) The countries listed in the Schedule are designated States for the purposes of this Act.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the Minister may by Order—

(a) designate any country as a designated State for the purpose of this Act;

(b) declare the extent to which this Act is applicable in respect of any designated State; and

(c) designate civilian personnel as a civilian component of a visiting police force.

5. Subject to section 6, a member of a visiting police force who is sent to Trinidad and Tobago for the performance of police duties shall, while on duty in Trinidad and Tobago be deemed to be a police officer for the purposes of this Act and shall have the same rights, powers and privileges as are conferred on members of the Trinidad and Tobago Police Service by the Police Service Act or any other law.

6. All members of visiting police forces shall enjoy immunity from the criminal and civil jurisdiction of Trinidad and Tobago in the performance of their official duties.

7. (1) Where a member of a visiting police force is alleged to have committed an offence in respect of—

(a) the property or security of his designated State;

(b) another member of the visiting police force or his property; or

(c) the performance of his official duty,

the Courts of the designated State to which that member of the visiting police force belongs shall exercise jurisdiction in respect of the offence.
(2) Where a dependant of a visiting police force is alleged to have committed an offence in respect of paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1), the Courts of the designated State to which that dependant of the visiting police force belongs shall exercise jurisdiction in respect of the offence.

(3) For the purposes of subsection (1)(c), the Commissioner of Police shall certify whether a member of a visiting police force was acting in the performance of his official duties.

8. (1) Where there is disagreement between the Commissioner of Police and the visiting police force as to whether a member was acting in the performance of his official duties, an arbitrator shall be appointed by agreement between the designated State concerned and Trinidad and Tobago from among the nationals of Trinidad and Tobago who hold or have held high judicial office.

(2) If the designated State and Trinidad and Tobago are unable, within two months, to agree upon an arbitrator, either the designated State or Trinidad and Tobago may request any person referred to in an agreement with the designated State or acceptable to the designated State and Trinidad and Tobago to appoint the arbitrator from among the nationals of Trinidad and Tobago who have held high judicial office.

9. Subject to section 10, for the purposes of the State Liability and Proceedings Act—

(a) a tort committed by a member of a visiting police force while acting in the course of his official duties shall be deemed to have been committed by a servant of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago while acting in the course of his official duties;

(b) property owned, occupied, possessed or controlled by a visiting police force shall be deemed to be owned, occupied, possessed or controlled by the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago; and

(c) a service motor vehicle of a visiting police force shall be deemed to be owned by the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago.
10. Section 9 does not apply to a claim arising out of or in connection with the navigation, operation or salvage of a ship or the loading, carriage or discharge of a cargo, unless the claim is a claim arising out of death or injury to the person.

11. No proceedings lie against the State by virtue of section 9, or against any member of a visiting police force who is deemed a servant of the State under section 9, in respect of a claim by a member of a visiting police force, his personal representative or a dependant, arising out of the death or injury to the member, if compensation has been paid or is payable by a designated State, or out of any funds administered by an agency of a designated State for the death or injury.

12. (1) A visiting police force may import into Trinidad and Tobago free of Customs duty and any tax, equipment for the visiting police force and such quantities of provisions, supplies and other goods for the exclusive use of the visiting police force.

(2) No tax or fee is payable in respect of the licensing or registration of service vehicles of a visiting police force or in respect of the use of those vehicles on any road in Trinidad and Tobago.

(3) No Customs duty or tax is payable on any fuel, oil or lubricants intended for use exclusively in the service vehicles, aircraft or vessels of a visiting police force.

(4) Within six months of his first arrival to take up duty in Trinidad and Tobago and within six months of the first arrival of any dependant to join him, a member of a visiting police force shall import free of Customs duty and any other tax—

(a) his personal effects and furniture; and

(b) the personal effects and furniture of his dependants.

(5) The salaries and emoluments paid to members of visiting police forces by their designated States are exempt from taxation.
13. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 42 of the Motor Vehicles and Road Traffic Act, a member of a visiting police force shall not be required to hold a driver’s licence issued under that Act, and may drive a service vehicle on any road in Trinidad and Tobago if he is the holder of a valid driver’s licence issued under any law of the designated State to which he belongs.

14. This Act binds the State.

SCHEDULE

DESIGNATED STATES

1. Member States of the Caribbean Community
2. Associate Members of the Caribbean Community
3. South Africa
4. Canada
5. United Kingdom
6. France
7. The Netherlands Antilles
8. Australia
9. India
10. Sri Lanka
11. Bangladesh